

## Candelaria Farm Preserve Proposed Draft Site Plans



SWCA Environmental Consultants and Dekker, Perich, Sabatini Architects V. 1, April 11, 2019



Prepared for City of Albuquerque Parks and Recreation, Open Space Division, and The Candelaria Farm Preserve Technical Advisory Group

Primary Land and Water Conservation Fund Compliance Issues Addressed by this Proposed Site Plan:

- 1. Public access is restricted except for scheduled group.
- 2. For profit commercial farming is not defined.

## **Key Background Information Sources**

Literature: Historic Environments / Species, Current Environments/Species; What Was There / What Could Be There

Watson, J.R. 1912. Plant geography of north central New Mexico. Botantical Gazette 54(3):194-217.

Hink, V.C., and R.D. Ohmart. 1984. Middle Rio Grande Biological Survey. U.S. Army Engineer Corps of Engineers, Albuquerque District, Albuquerque, New Mexico. Contract No. DACW47-81-C-0015. Tempe: Arizona State University.

Crawford, C.S., A.C. Cully, R. Leutheuser, M. S. Sifuentes, L. H. White, and J. P. Wilber. 1993. Middle Rio Grande Ecosystem: Bosque Biological Management Plan. Albuquerque: Biological Interagency Team, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

Dick-Peddie, W.A. 1993. New Mexico Vegetation—Past, Present and Future. University of New Mexico Press.

Scurlock, Dan. 1998. From the Rio to the Sierra: An Environmental History of the Middle Rio Grande Basin. General Technical Report RMRS-GTR-5. Fort Collins, Colorado: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Research Station.

SWCA Environmental Consultants. 2008. Pueblo of Sandia Habitat Restoration Analysis and Recommendations, Middle Rio Grande Endangered Species Collaborative Program, Bernalillo County, New Mexico. Prepared for the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation and Pueblo of Sandia. Albuquerque: SWCA Environmental Consultants.

Cartron, J.E., D.C. Lightfoot, J.E. Mygatt, S.L. Brantley and T.K. Lowrey. 2008. A Field Guide to the Plants and Animals of the Middle Rio Grande Bosque. Albuquerque: University of New Mexico Press.

GeoSystems Analysis, Inc. 2016. City of Albuquerque Bosque Management Plan: Central Avenue to Campbell Road. Prepared for City of Albuquerque, Open Space Division, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

## **Key Background Information Sources**

Other Regional Wildlife Preserves and Refuges; Similar Wildlife Preserve Plans/Implementation in Similar Environments with Similar Management Goals.

- Whitfield Wildlife Conservation Area, Valencia County.
- Bosque del Apache National Wildlife Refuge, Socorro County.
- Ladd S. Gordon Waterfowl Complex, Waterfowl Management Area, Socorro County.
- Valle del Oro National Wildlife Refuge, Bernalillo County





Valle de Oro National Wildlife Refuge



## **Key Background Information Sources**

#### The Candelaria Farm Preserve, Technical Advisory Committee

- political issues

- lack of staff - public trust of staff

- Unknown seed bank - Will take active restoration - requires design and dirt moving - timing considerations

- water delivery infrastructure

- water retention, soil structure - not naturally occurring - water rights/availability - maintenance

- water delivery

 against LWCF recommendations against city council resolution - inconsistent with existing laws. regulations and policies - not supported by neighborhood

- Candelaria Farms Preserve Technical Advisory Group, Land-Use Planning Workshop, Michael Jensen, October 4-5, 2017.
- Plant Restoration at the Rio Grande Nature Center State Park, November 2015 to January 2018. Brian Hanson, March 16, 2018.
- Candelaria Farm Preserve Alternatives Land Use Workshop, June 19, 2018.
- , March 26, 2019.

	Candelaria Farms Wetland Review	Potential Management Strategy	Predicted Abiotic Response	Predicted Biotic Response	Monitoring Actions to Consider	
	10/05/2017		- Soils degraded - Natural seed bank may be	- monotypic agriculture - reduced wildlife diversity	Staff monitoring contract compliance (cropping plans, financial reporting,	
	10/05/2017	Flood Irrigation Farming- primarily	reduced	- overall reduce biodiversity	pesticide use)	
Management Options for farm fields:		harvested (benefit of farmer)	Potentially increased water use (depending on crop)     Increased herbicide     Increase fertilization	tess invasive exotic overall     teranes and geese use in winter     effect of wildlife on farm product	Water monitoring during active irrigation	
1)	Flood irrigation farming- primarily harvested		- Increase need for nitrogen			
2)	Flood irrigation farming- primarily for wildlife; hot food		fixing plants/opportunities			
3)	Flood irrigation for wildlife habitat- spring pulse for riparian, neotrops, shrubs		<ul> <li>Reduced wildlife educational/interpretive</li> </ul>			
4)	Flood irrigation for wildlife habitat: late June for amphibian		opportunities			
5)	Flood irrigation for wildlife habitat: fall					
6)	Flood irrigation for wildlife habitat: winter					
7)	Flood irrigation for wildlife habitat: flashy monsoon		- Increased water on the site	+ Increased waterfowl use	Have to monitor water application	
8)	Rotational management of fields: crop	Flood Irrigation for Wildlife Habitat-	- More mechanical management	+ Increased invertebrates	Wildlife response monitoring	
9)	Rotational management of fields: habitat	spring pulse for riparian neotrops and	- Expanding management	+ Increased shorebirds	3. Vegetation monitoring	
10)	Size and interspersion of treatments; maximizing wildlife value	shrubs	beyond the spring pulse	<ul> <li>Degradation of plant materials (flood), germination (drawdown)</li> </ul>	Invasive species monitoring	
11)	Wider and multi-structural hedgerows			g		
12)	Viewing and access issues: high quality wildlife viewing vs rotational management , seasonal concerns					
13)	Shrubs along fence lines, fencing needs v wildlife barriors					
14)	Convert farmlands to upland veg					
15)	Modify surface topography					
16)	permanent wetland	Middle and an Iki sky sky sal badanasa	- reduction of wind erosion	+ Increased wildlife diversity (insects,	Water management monitoring (and	
17)	salt grass management	Wider and multi-structural hedgerows	<ul> <li>smaller fields for active management</li> </ul>	mammals, birds, etc) + Increased plant diversity	plan)  2. Non-desirable species monitoring	
18)	plant nursery		<ul> <li>create shade and microclimates</li> </ul>	- could be a biological sink	(geese, cow birds, invasive plants)	
19)	upland connectivity with ponds		- modifies the viewshed	<ul> <li>impact of shade on field growth</li> <li>increased geese nesting</li> </ul>	Wildlife response monitoring     Vegetation monitoring	
20)	storm water sources?			- mcreased geese nesting	4. Vegetation monitoring	
Manag	gement Options for ponds	Permanent Wetland	Inner/compaction effects     mechanical     excavation/cleaning/disturbance	+ Increased invertebrates +obligate wetland wildlife (common yellowthroats, yellow-breasted chats)	Water monitoring     Vegetation monitoring     Wildlife	
1)	enhance water variability		- needed inocculation of wetland soil	- mosquitoes	4. Water quality	
2)	drainage of ponds		- mosquito control	+ Increased bat diversity + rookery/roosting opportunities		
				+ increased herpetofauna		
Other				- bull frogs - red-eared sliders		
1)	Woodward House					
2)	Equipment storage					
3)	Signage, informational, history of traditional ag, etc.					
4)	Educational interface					
5)	Research opportunities					

#### The Candelaria Farm Preserve, Technical Advisory Group

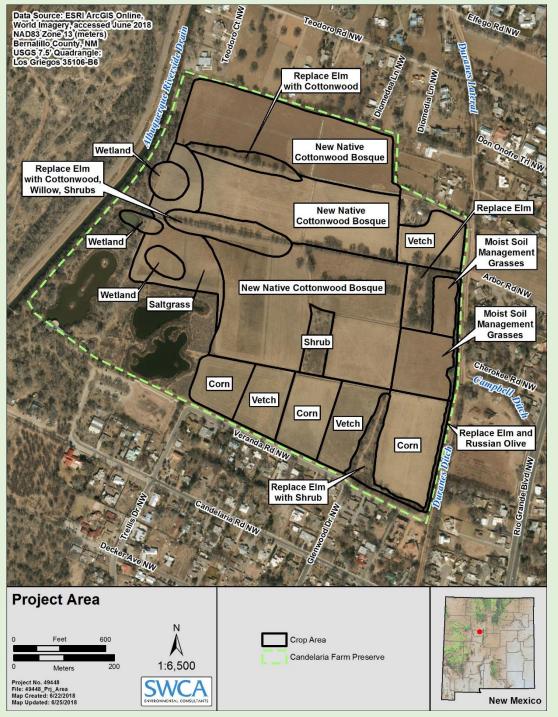
# Example TAG preliminary draft site plans







Final comprehensive TAG draft site plan



## Proposed Draft Candelaria Farm Preserve Site Plans (SWCA and D/P/S)

Each habitat type may contain any number of possible plant species; forbs, grasses, shrubs, trees; dominants, but no monocultures, variable patch patterns of different species/structure within. This is a 20-year plan, with incremental changes over time.



Alternative 2: Native Habitat Restoration With Some Wildlife Crops



**Candelaria South** (no irrigation water)



#### Tools for Planning

#### Potential Plant Species for Habitat Restoration or Crops (only top portion of spreadsheet shown here)

Wildlife Habitat / Potential Pla	nt Species Matrix				
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	Grass, Forb, Shrub, Tree	Historic or current native			
Habitat Tuna	Growth Form		Latin Name	Environment/Irrigation	Wildlife Value
Habitat Type		Species		-	
Saltgrass Grassland	Grass	Saltgrass	Distichlis spicata	wet-dry sandy clay soils, light summer irrigation	grassland habitat, granivores, grazers
	Grass	alkali sacaton	Sporobolus airoides		
	Grass	giant sacaton	Sporobolus wrightii		
	Grass	blue grama			
	Grass	little blue-stem			
	Grass	Galleta			
	Grass	sand dropseed			
	Grass	bearded sprangletop			
	Forb	yerba mansa			
Blue Grama Grassland	Grass	blue grama		dry sandy clay soils, light summer irrigation	
	Grass	sand dropseed			
	Grass	Galleta			
	Grass	Indian ricegrass			
	Grass	silver bluestem			
	Grass	side-oats grama			
	Shrub	broom dalea			
	Shrub	Biglove's rabbitbrush			
	Succulent	Plains yucca			
	Succulent				
	Grass	Plains prickly pear			
	Grass	burro grass			
Arroyo Edge Shrubland	Shrub	Four-wing saltbush		wet-dry sandy clay soils, light summer irrigation, spot watering	edge habitat, pollinators, granivores, browsers
	Grass	giant sacaton			
	Shrub	Apache plume			
	Shrub	seep willow			
	Tree	net-leaf hackberry			
	Shrub	golden current			
	Shrub	Wolf-berry			
	Shrub	New Mexico olive			
	Shrub	little-leaf sumac			
	Shrub	three-leaf sumac			
	Tree	black locust			
Hedgerows (road/trail borders)	Shrub	Wolf-berry		dry sandy clay soils, no irrigation/spot watering	edge edge habitat, pollinators, frugivores, granivores, browsers
	Shrub	New Mexico olive			
	Tree	net-leaf hackberry			
	Shrub	Apache plume			
	Tree	screw-bean mesquite			
	shrub	seep willow			
	Shrub	golden current			
	Shrub	Wolf-berry			
	Tree	Rio Grande cottonwood			
	Shrub	little-leaf sumac			
	Shrub	three-leaf sumac			
	Tree	black locust			

#### Tools for Planning

#### Wildlife / Habitat (crop) Value Matrix (only top portion of spreadsheet shown here)

Candelaria Farm Preserv	e: Design Plan											
			Habitat Community Assemblages = The assemblage of species that would be associated with such a community in the region.									
Wildlife, Habitat/Crop De	ecision Matrix			Taxonomic Groups = Closely related groups of species; Class, Order, Family.								
V. dl March 31				Functional Groups = Similar ecological resources uses, ecological guilds, trophic groups, foraging strategies, etc.								
				Score = 0 no effect, +1 beneficial; compared to unmanaged (bare, dry, soil, some exotic weeds) open field habitat (no action alternative).								
		Wildife Types		Сгор Турез								
Wildlife Crops or Restored Habitat	Taxonomic Group	Habitat Community Assemblages / Taxonomic Groups / Functional Groups	Functional Subgroup	Tosabatchi Corn	Triticale	Annual Sunflower	American Vetch	Herb Garden	?	?		
Wildlife Crops	Arthropods											
		Soil Community	Detritivores	1	1	1	1	1				
			Fungivores	1		1		1				
			Predators	-		1						
		Grass Community	Folivores		1							
			Granivores	1	1							
			Predators	1	1	0	0	0				
		Forb Community	Folivores	0	_	1		1				
			Granivores	0	0	1		1				
			Pollinators/Nectarivores	0	0	1		1				
			Predators	0	0	1	1	1				
		Shrub Community	Folivores	0	-	0		0				
			Borers	0	0	0	0	0				
			Pollinators/Nectarivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Frugivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Granivores	1	1	1	1	0				
			Predators	0	0			0				
		Tree Community	Folivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Borers	1	0	0	0	0				
			Pollinators/Nectarivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Frugivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Granivores	1	1	1	1	0				
			Predators	0	0	0	0	0				
		Aerial Community	Disperers	0	0	1	1	1				
			Predators	0	0	1	1	1				
		Aquatic Community	Herbivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Detritivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Predators	0	0	0	0	0				
		Wetland Community	Herbivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Detritivores	0	0	0	0	0				
			Predators	0	0	0	0	0				
	Crop Scores:			9	8	11	11	9	0	0	48	= Total Arthropod Score for Crops
	Amphians& Reptiles											
		Reptiles	Toads	0		0 1	1		0			
			Frogs	0	(	0 0	0		0			
			Salamanders	0		0 0	0		0			
			Snakes	0	:	1 0	1		1			
			Lizards	0	(	0 0	1		1			
		Turtles	Terrestrial	0		1 0	1		0			
			Aquatic	0		0 0	0		0			
	Crop Scores:			0	:	2 1	4		2 0		0 9	= Total Amphibian and Reptile Score for Crops

## Proposed Sequential Writing Plan for the Candelaria Preserve Resource Management Plan

